zebx Decarb Lunch Series

Powered by ZCIC

Balancing Whole Life Carbon in BC Step Code Buildings

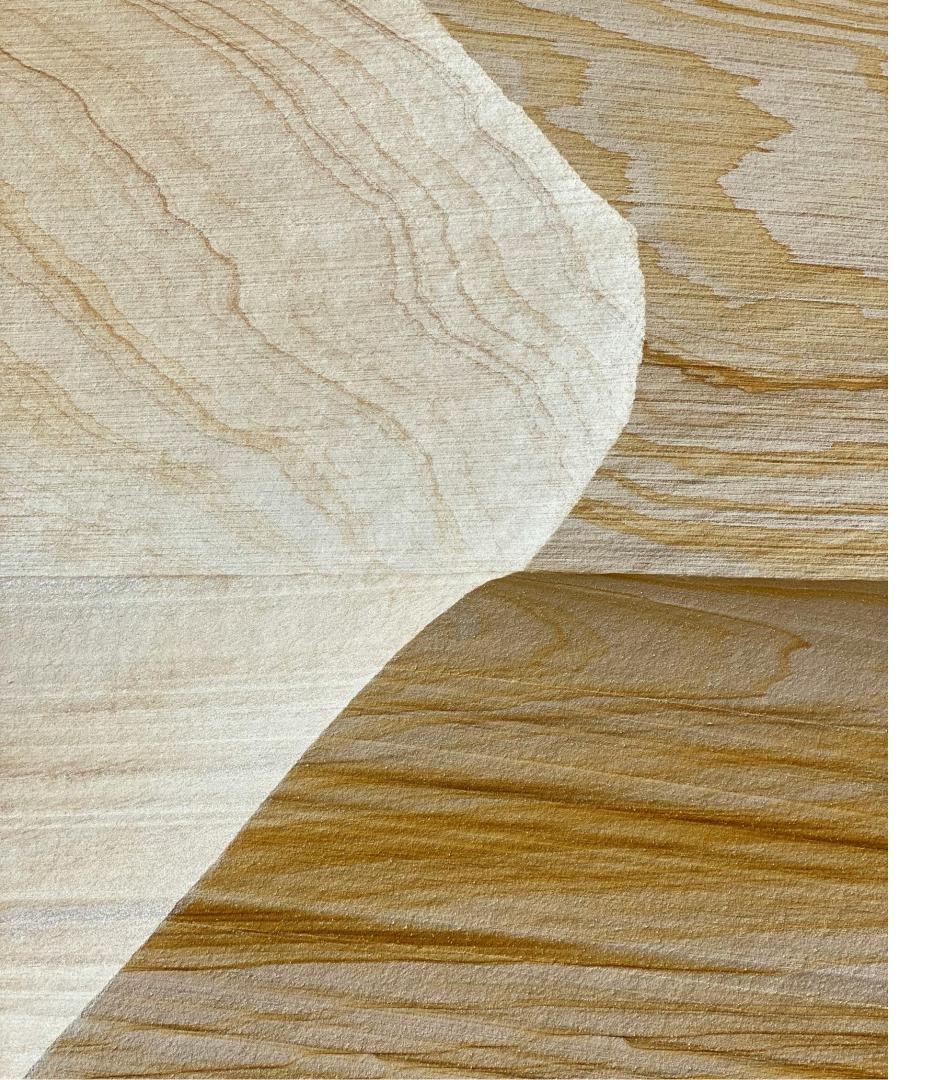
Mon Nov 24, 2025 12 - 1pm PST Free Webinar zebx.org











Agenda

- Background & Context
- Importance of Study vs Current Codes
- Study Orientation
- Study Key Outcomes
- Future Code Impact Considerations
- Questions & Discussion



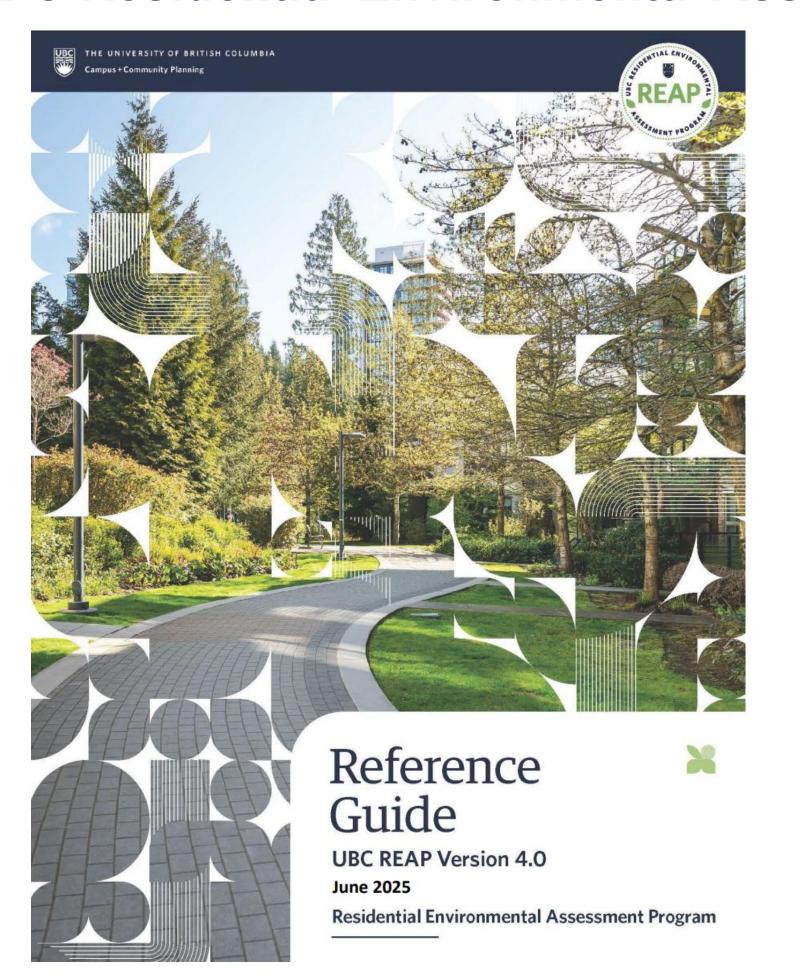
"City of UBC"

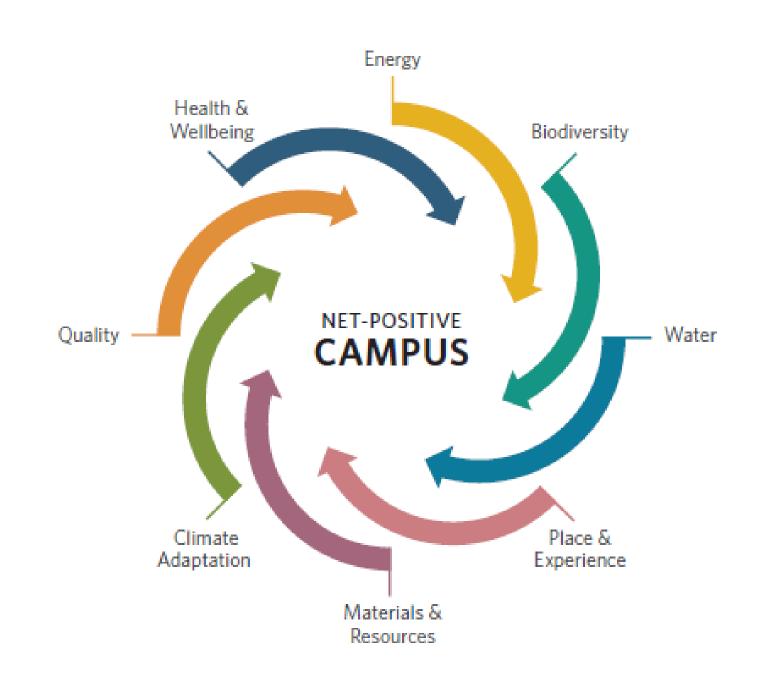




- Growing city of over 17,000
- Sits outside of MV municipal boundaries
- Authority have jurisdiction for building code
- Adopted Energy Step Code 2018 (Step 2)
- Land Use Plan (Land Use Rules) – enables UBC REAP

UBC Residential Environmental Assessment Plan





REAP is UBC's mandatory green building rating system, created to address the unique conditions of neighbourhood growth on UBC's campus



UBC Residential Environmental Assessment Plan

ENERGY & EMISSIONS

E&E P1: Energy Step Code Compliance (Step 3) Precondition

E&E P2: Zero Carbon Step Code Compliance (EL-4)

Precondition

June 2024

June 2025

MATERIALS AND RESOURCES

M&R P2: 10% Embodied Carbon Reduction Precondition June 2025

UBC REAP Embodied Carbon Roadmap

2025 – 10% Reduction 2030 – 40% Reduction

Net Zero by 2050 Climate Action Target

Funding support

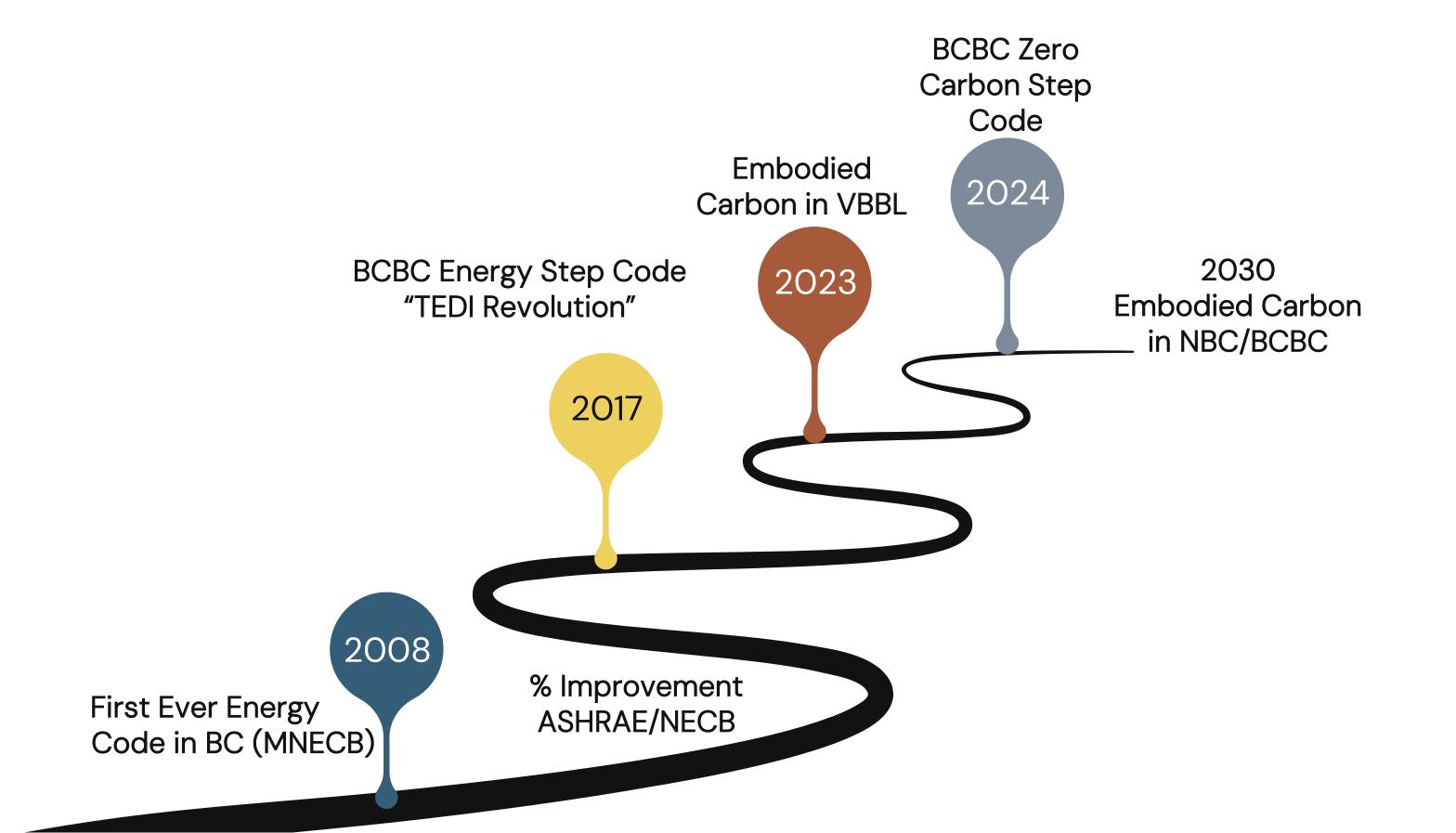


Codes Acceleration Fund



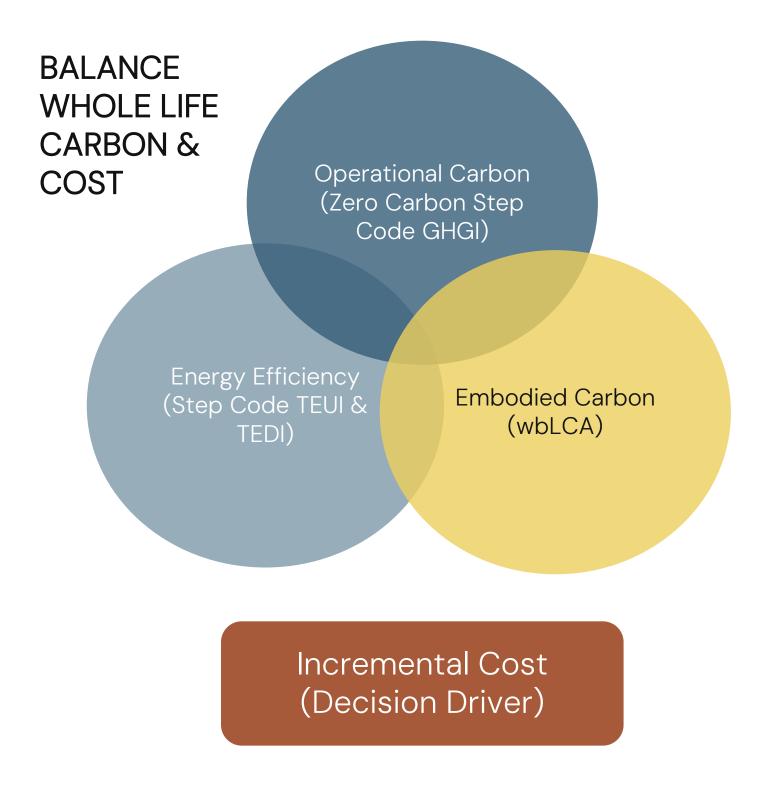
Sustainable Communities Program

Importance of Study in Current Code Landscape



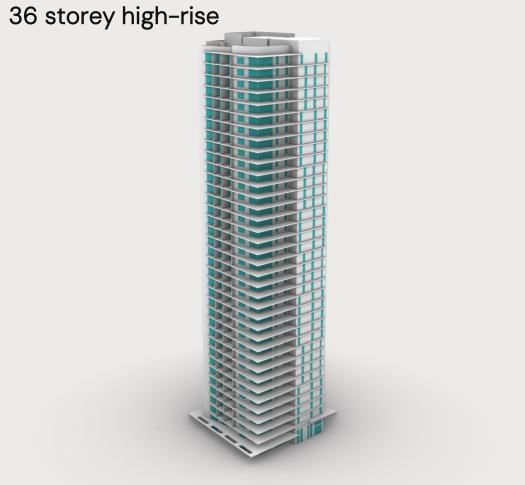


Balancing Building Whole Life Carbon



 How do we balance performance and practicality and not drive cost up on projects?









Project Team







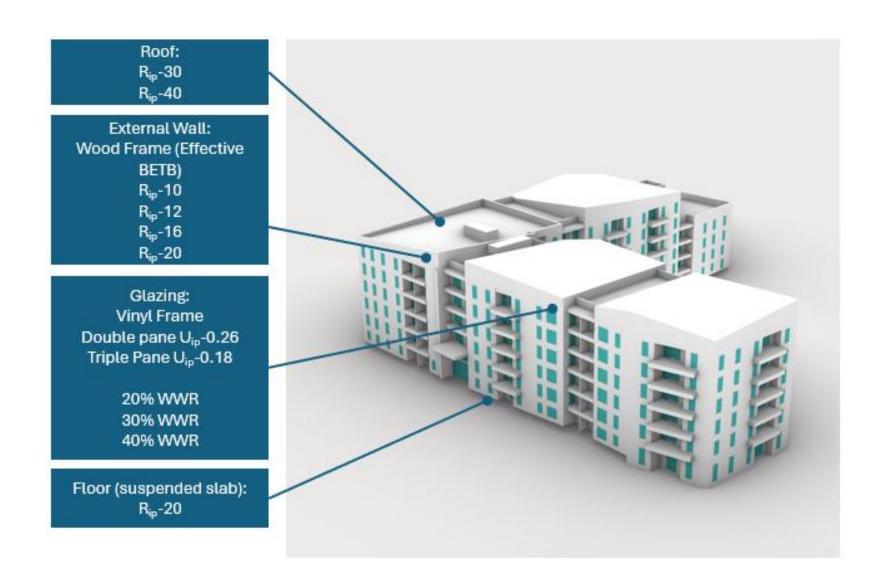


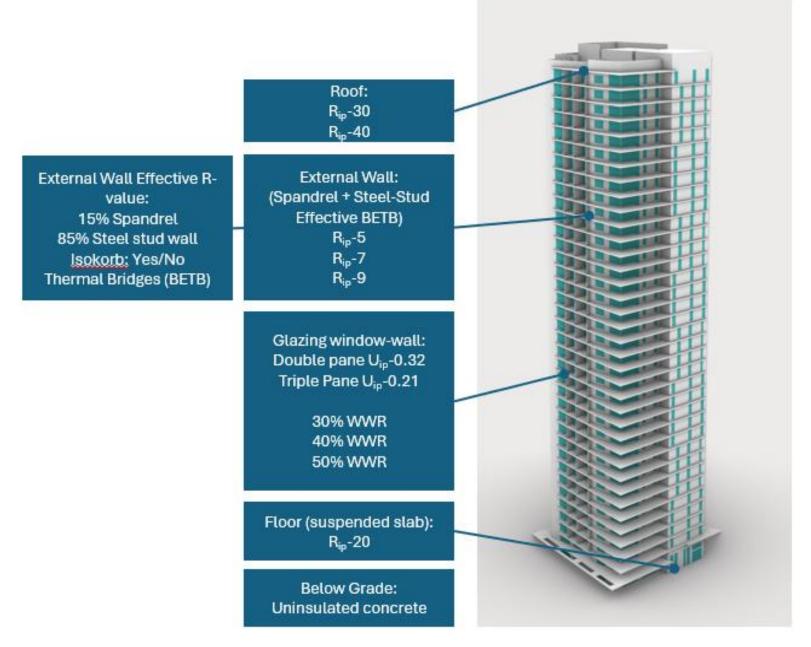




Envelope & Fuel Source in Focus

- Thermal performance of envelope (TEDI) drives BC Energy Step Code rating
- How do combinations perform holistically with two fuel sources







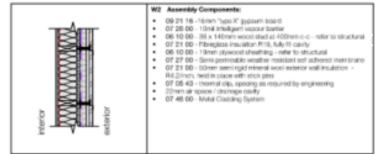
1" Outboard insulation with cavity fill

" Outbo	Value = R10					
	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding					
W1			Embodied Carbon / m2:	TBC		
	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required		
	STC Required:	Not Required	STC Provided:	Not Required		
	Usi-VALUE (W/(m2K)):	.337	Rip-VALUE:	18.85		



2" Outboard insulation with cavity fill

	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding				
1440			Embodied Carbon / m2:	7	
W2	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required	
	STC Required:	Not Required	STC Provided:	Not Required	
	Usi-VALUE (W/(m2K)):	.296	Rip-VALUE:	19.85	



4" Outboard insulation with cavity fill

Usi-VALUE (W/(m2KQ): 225

STC Required:

Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding

Embodied Carbon / m2:



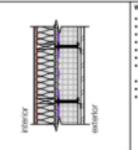
FRR Provided:

STC Provided:

Rig-VALUE:

6" Outboard insulation with cavity fill

Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding Embodied Carbon / mg: FRR Provided: FRR Required: Not Required STC Provided: STC Required: Not Required Vot Required Unit-VALUE (W/SydXX): 189 Rio-VALUE:



W4 Assembly Components 09 21 16 -16nm "type X" gypsum board 07 20 00 - 13mi Intelligent vapour banker 06 10 00 - 38 x 140mm wood stud at 400mm c-c-07 21 00 - Fibreglass insulation R19, fully fill-cavity 06 10 00 - 19mm plywood sheathing - rafer to structural 07 27 00 - Semi permeuble weather resistant self achered membrane GT 27 00 - Some permissible weather resistant self-authered member OF 21 00 - 190 mm semi-right minned wool exterior wall insulation - R4.2 linch, held in place with stick pins OF 05 43 - thermal cits, spacing as required by engineering 20mm are gasons / dishipped country OF 46 00 - Mutai Cladding Systems

Cavity Insulation + Outboard Insulation 1" to 6"

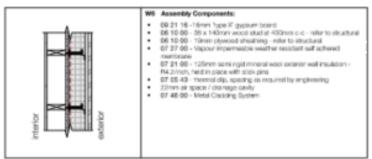
4" Outboard insulation

	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding				
1445			Embodied Carbon / m2:	?	
W5	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required	
	STC Required:	Not Floquinad	STC Provided:	Not Required	
	Usi-VALUE (W/Jn/2K)):	.324	Rip-VALUE:	17.52	



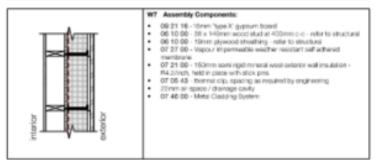
5" Outboard insulation

Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding



6" Outboard insulation

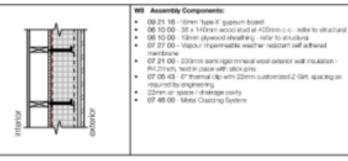
Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding Embodied Carbon / m2:



8" Outboard insulation

R20

	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding					
1440			Embodied Carbon / m2:	7		
W8	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required		
	STC Required:	Not Floquired	STC Provided:	Not Required		
	Uni-VALUE (W/91/2K)):	202	Rip-VALUE:	28.11		



Outboard Only Insulation 4" to 8"

R12

Cavity fill only

	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding					
1440			Embodied Carbon / m2:	?		
W9	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	No: Required		
	STC Required:	Not Required	STC Provided:	Not Required		
	Uni-VALUE (W/(m2K)):	.327	Rip-VALUE:	17.36		

R10



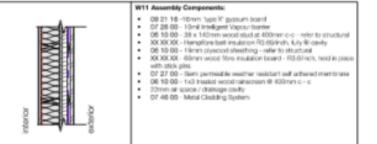
22mm Outboard insulation with cavity fill

	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding				
11/40			Embodied Carbon / m2:	7	
W10	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required	
	STC Required:	Not Required	STC Provided:	Not Required	
	Usi-VALUE (W/(m2K)):	.261	Rip-VALUE:	20.20	



60mm Outboard insulation with cavity fill

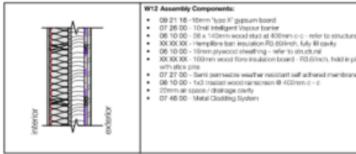
	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding				
			Embodied Carbon / m2:	7	
W11	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required	
	STC Required:	Not Required	STC Provided:	Not Required	
	Usi-VALUE (W/jm2K)):	230	Rip-VALUE:	24.68	



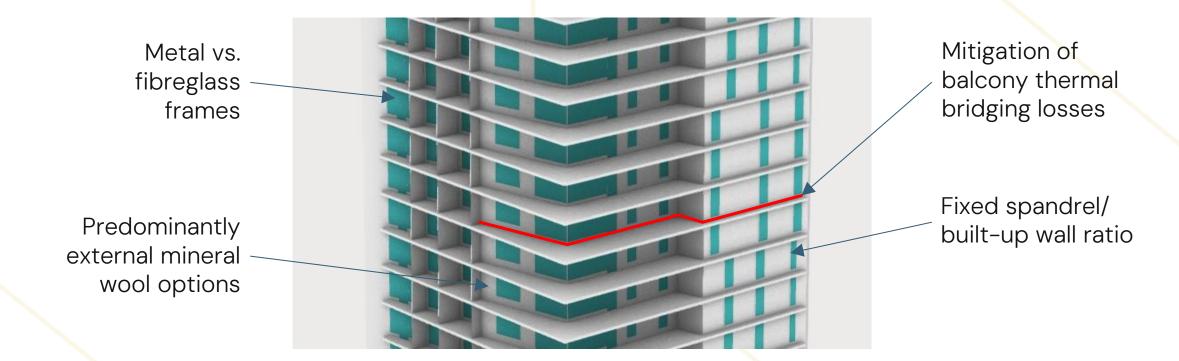
Lower Carbon Alternatives: Woodfibre insulation and hybrids

4" Outboard insulation with cavity fill

	Exterior Wall Assembly - Metal Cladding					
11/40			Embodied Carbon / m2:	2		
W12	FRR Required:	Not Required	FRR Provided:	Not Required		
	STC Required:	Not Required	STC Provided:	Not Required		
	Uni-VALUE (W/Jm2K)):	.194	Rip-VALUE:	29.27		



Archetype High Rise – Wall Options



Effective	Reference	Spandrel	Built Up Wall	Isokorb
R-value	Study Option Reference	15% of Opaque Area	85% of Opaque Area	Yes/No
R-5	Option 1	Metal WW 2" insulation	2" Ext. Mineral Wool	No
	Option 2	Metal WW 4" insulation	5" Ext. Mineral Wool	No
R-7	Option 3	Metal WW 4" insulation	3" Ext. Mineral Wool	Yes
R-/	Option 4	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	4" Ext. Mineral Wool	No
	Option 5	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	2" Ext. Mineral Wool	Yes
	Option 6	Metal WW 4" insulation	4" PIR 2" Mineral Wool (all Ext.)	Yes
R-9	Option 7	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	5" Ext. Mineral Wool	Yes
-K-3	Option 8	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	6" Ext. Mineral Wool + Fibreglass Batt	No



Extent of Costing Information

- Incremental differences between assembly packages
- Cost per m² for assembly variations used in models
- NPV over 20-year period
- Altus Group MURB Vancouver average \$/m²

Excluded:

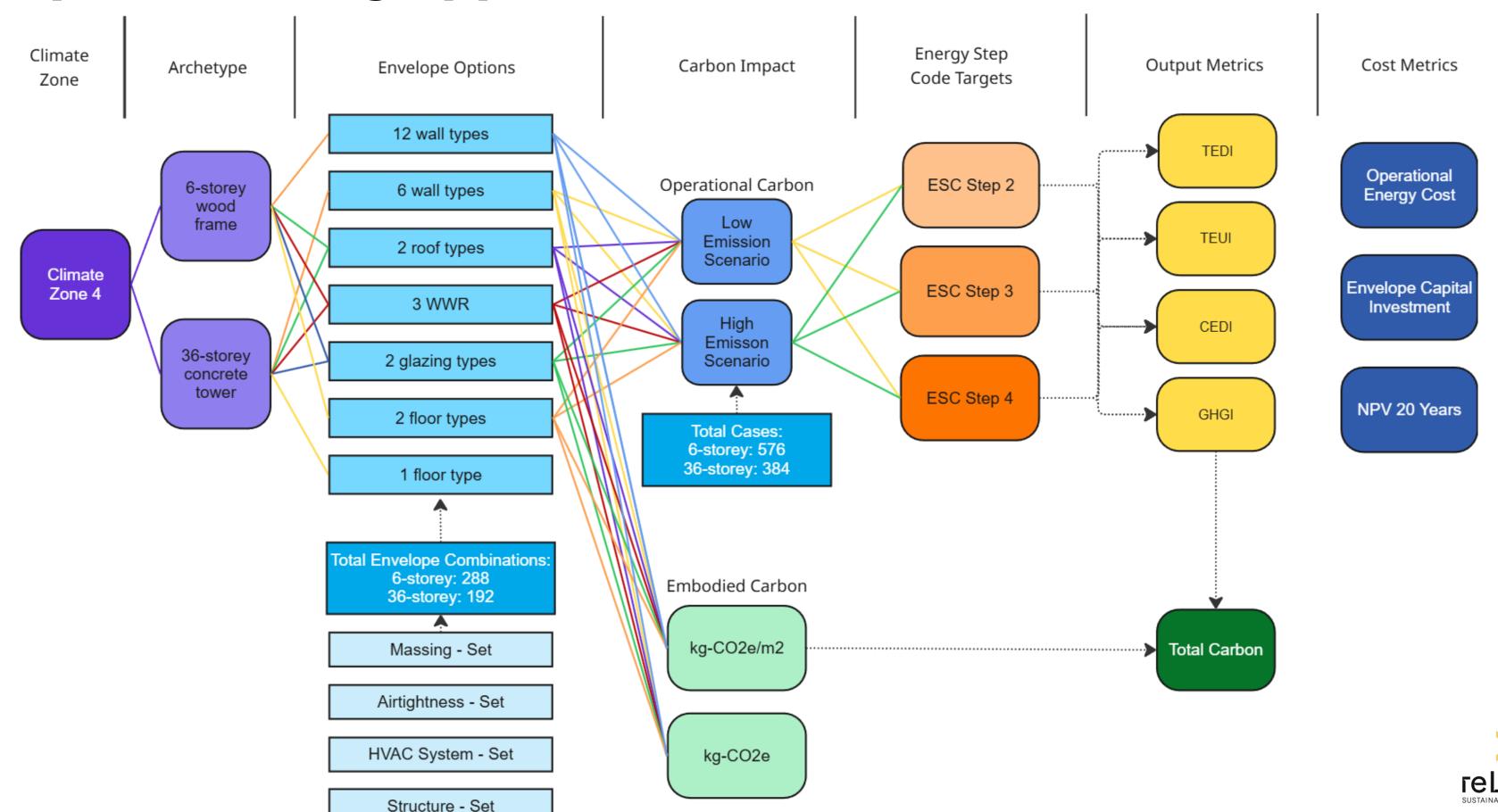
Maintenance costs/upgrades



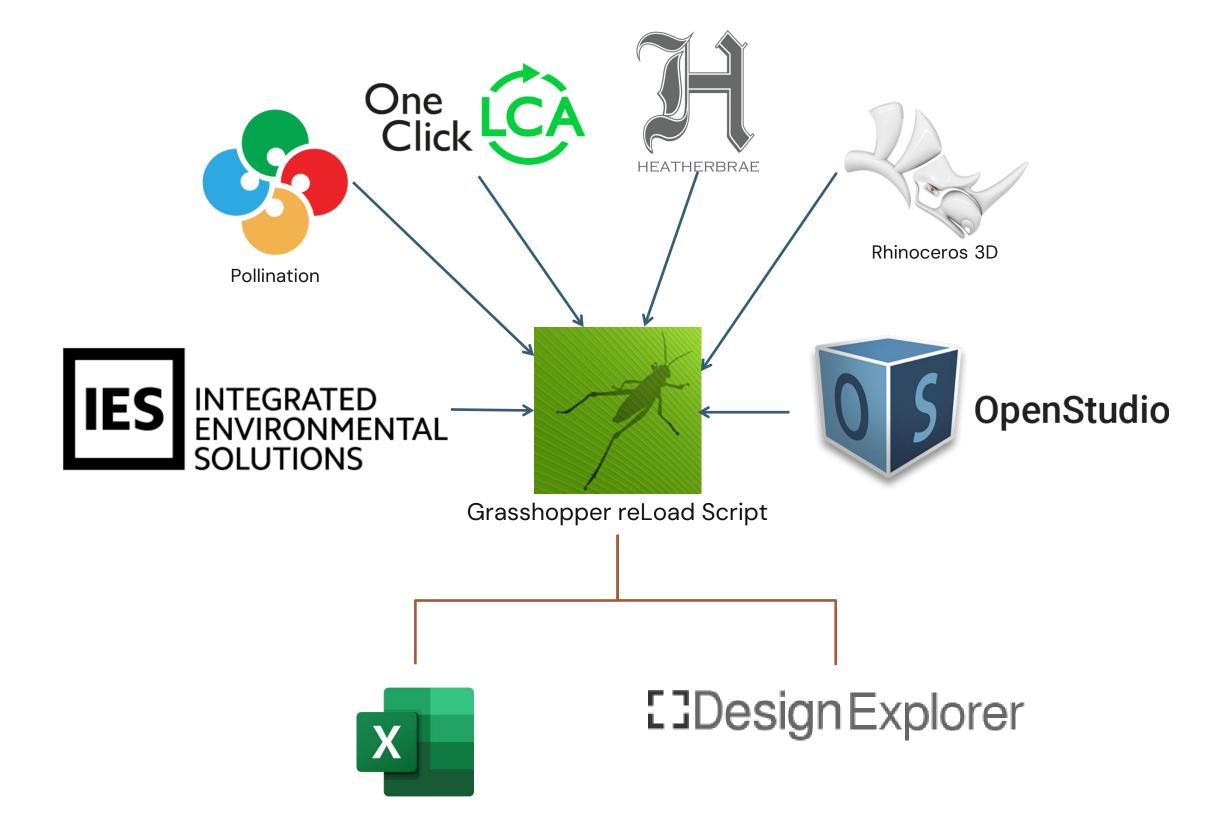




Unique Modelling Approach



Unique Modelling Approach





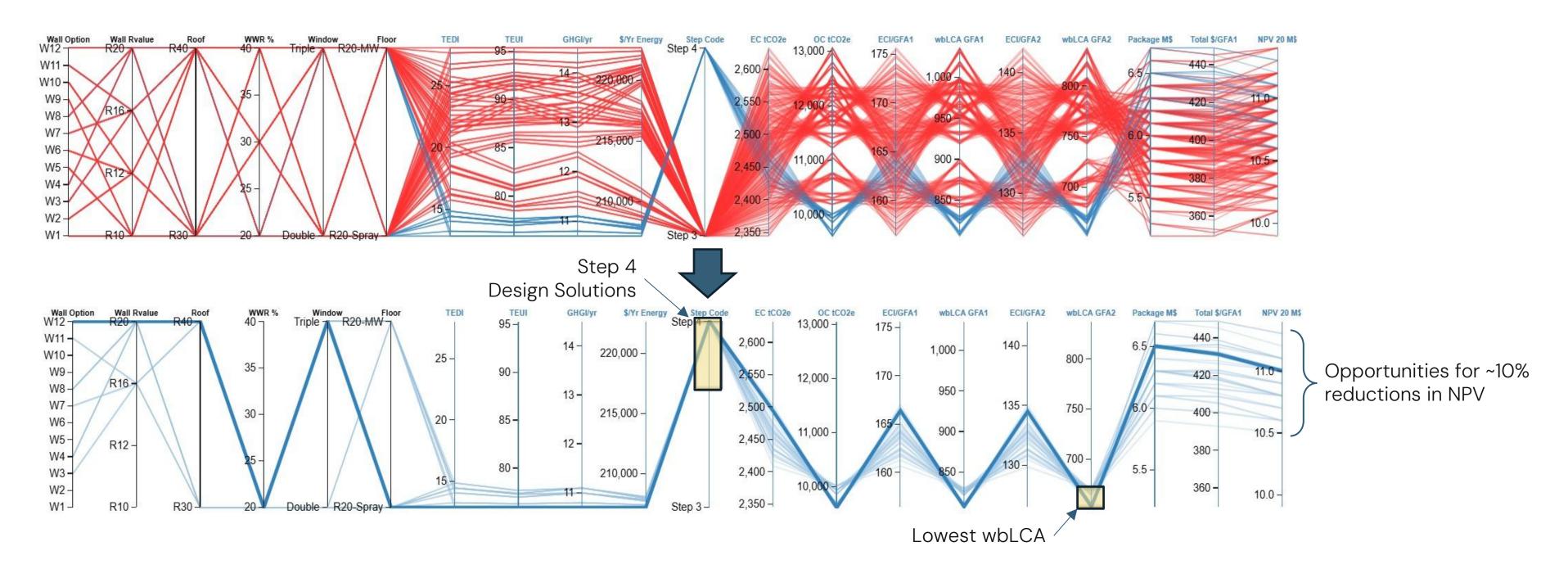


Key Message from Study

- Carbon Embodied vs. Operational
- How Energy & Zero Carbon Step Code Affects Whole Life Carbon
- Assembly Option Comparisons
- Embodied Carbon vs. TEDI
- Cost Implications

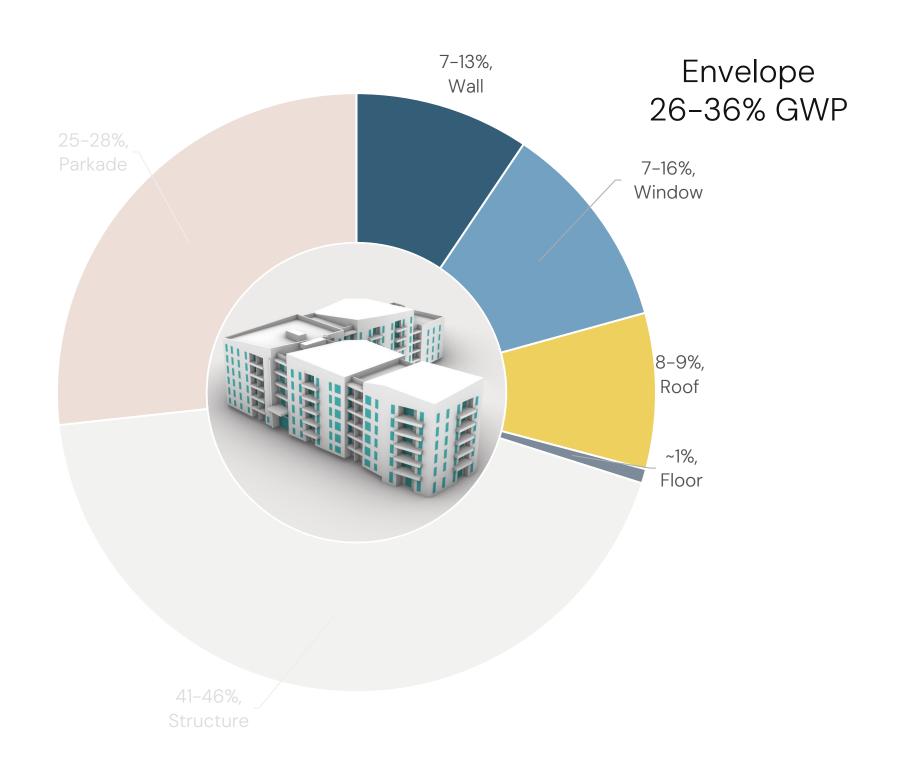


Parametric Modelling Approach

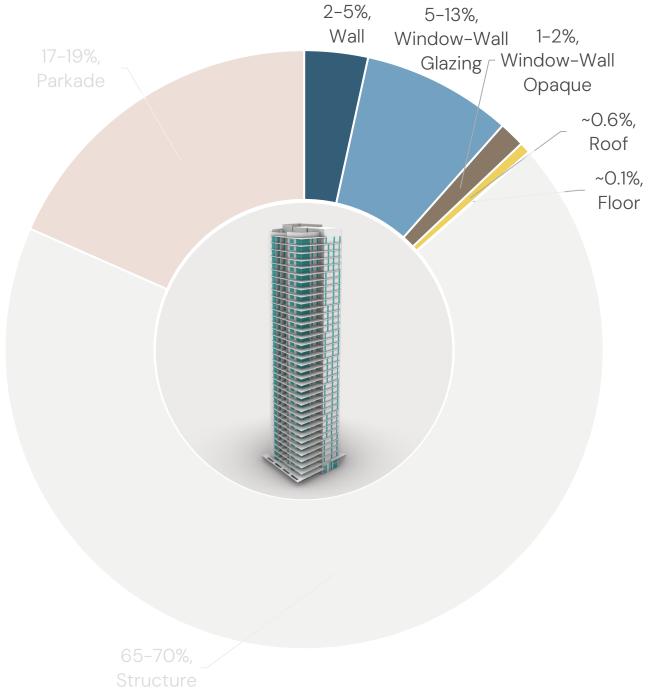




Embodied Carbon Breakdowns

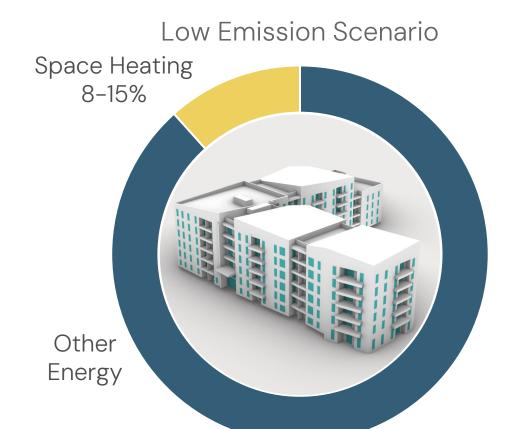




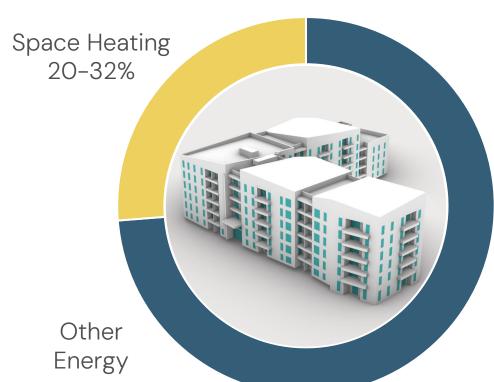


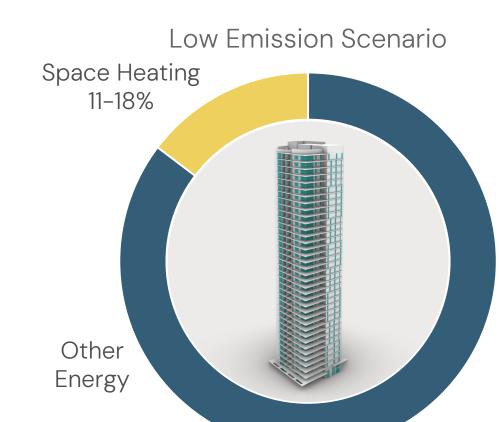


Energy Breakdowns

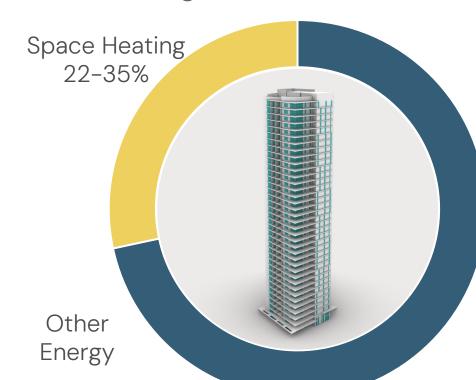


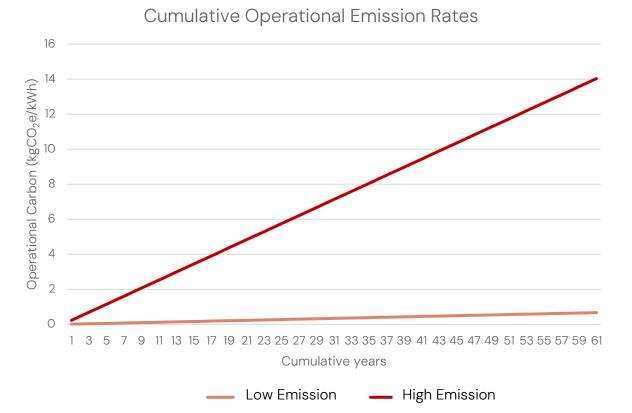






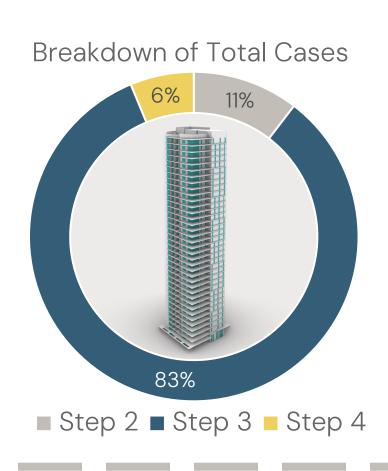
High Emission Scenario

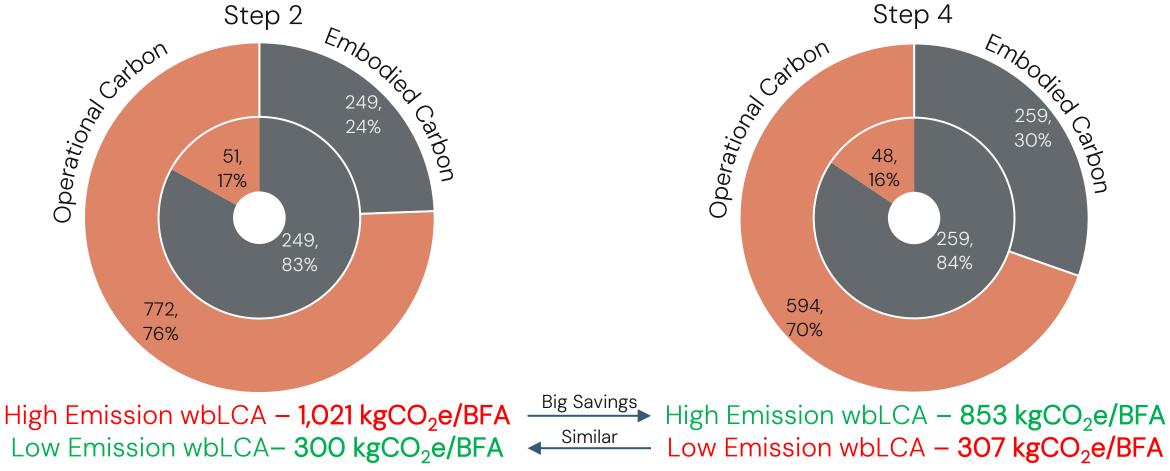


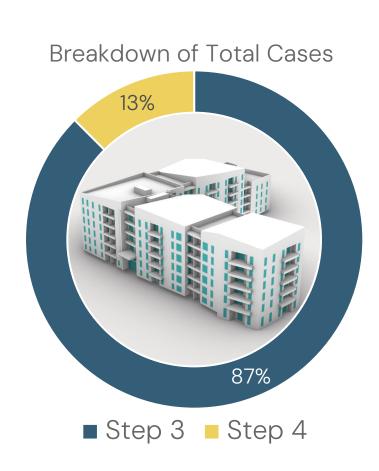


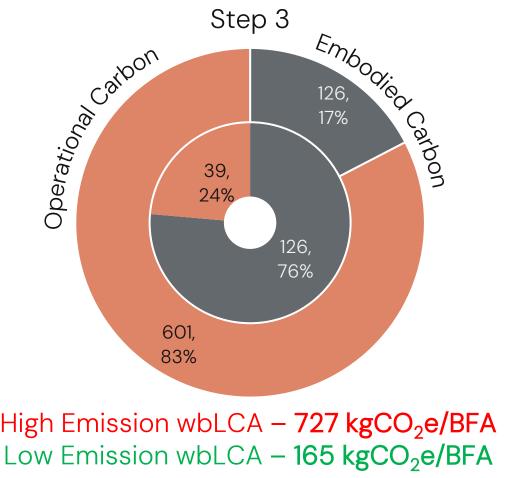


BC Step Codes vs. Whole-Life Carbon

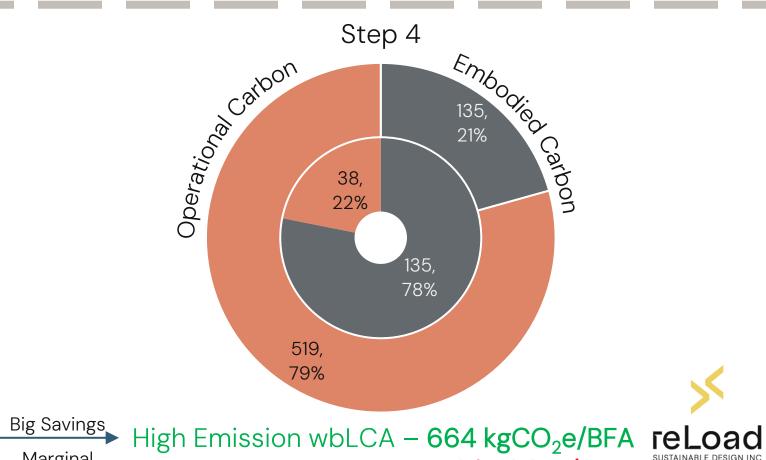








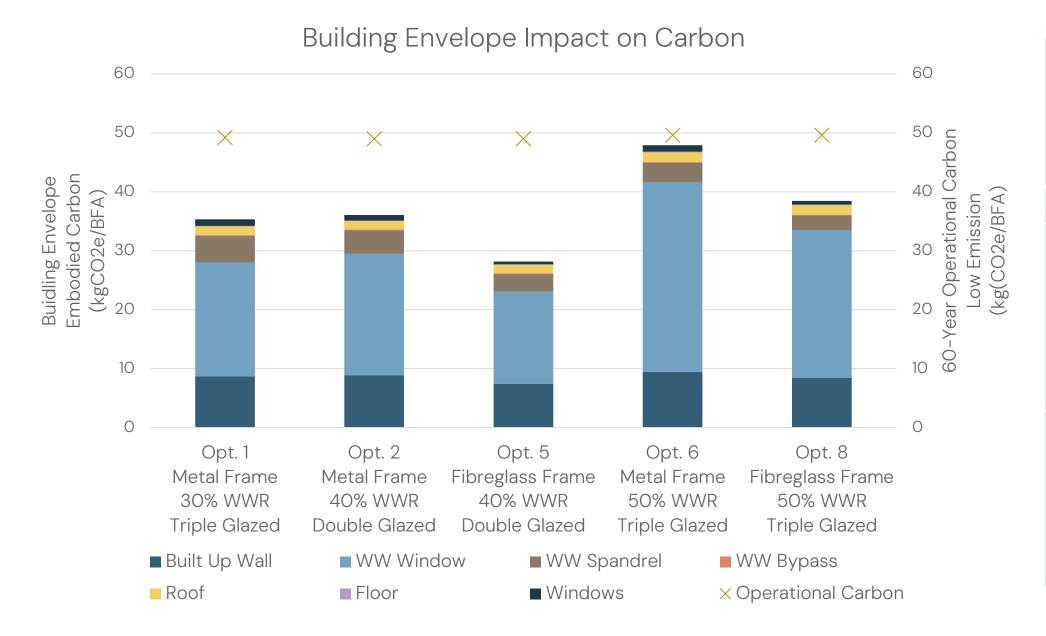




Low Emission wbLCA - 173 kgCO₂e/BFA

High-Rise Assembly Impact Example

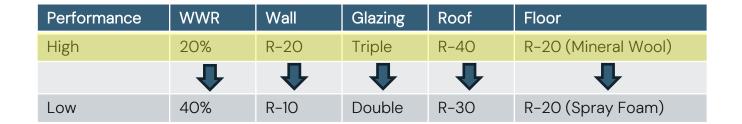
- Fiberglass window-wall offsets inches of built-up wall insulation
- Isokorb reduces embodied carbon slightly but expensive solution
- Embodied carbon heavily influenced by window-wall frame material and WWR for high rise

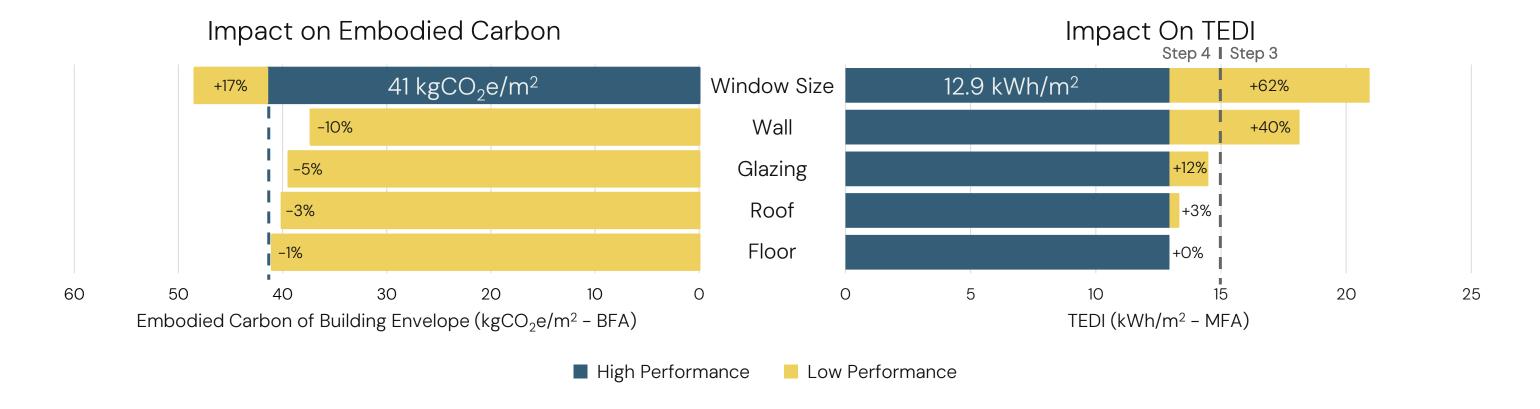


Effective	Reference	Spandrel	Built Up Wall	lso-korb
R-value	Study Option Reference	15% of Opaque Area	85% of Opaque Area	Yes/No
R-5	Option 1	Metal WW 2" insulation	2" Ext. Mineral Wool	No
	Option 2	Metal WW 4" insulation	5" Ext. Mineral Wool	No
	Option 3	Metal WW 4" insulation	3" Ext. Mineral Wool	Yes
R-7	Option 4	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	4" Ext. Mineral Wool	No
	Option 5	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	2" Ext. Mineral Wool	Yes
	Option 6	Metal WW 4" insulation	4" PIR 2" Mineral Wool (all Ext.)	Yes
R-9	Option 7	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	5" Ext. Mineral Wool	Yes
	Option 8	Fibreglass WW 4" insulation	6" Ext. Mineral Wool + Int. Fibreglass Batt	No



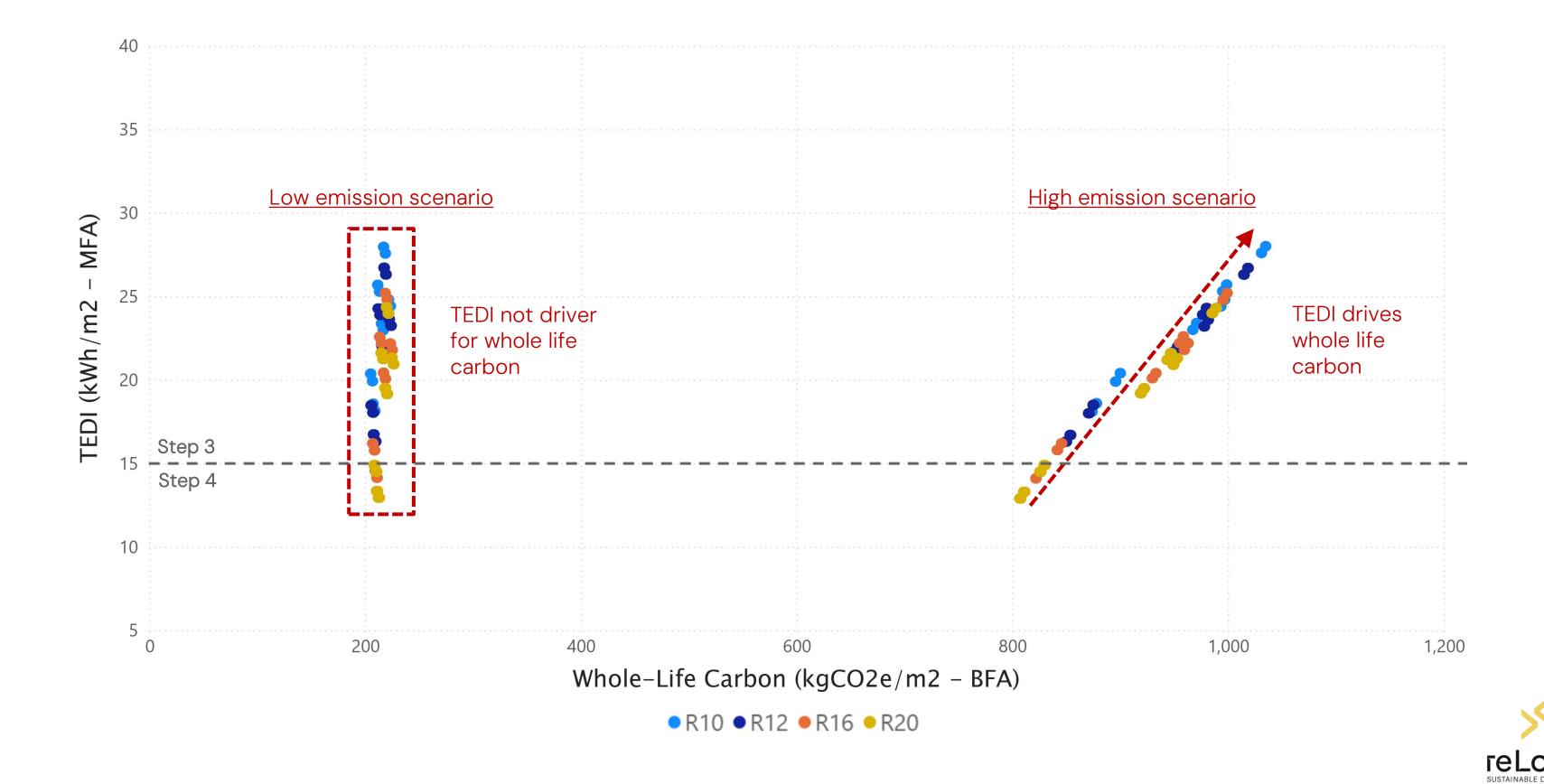
Embodied Carbon vs. TEDI – Mid Rise Example



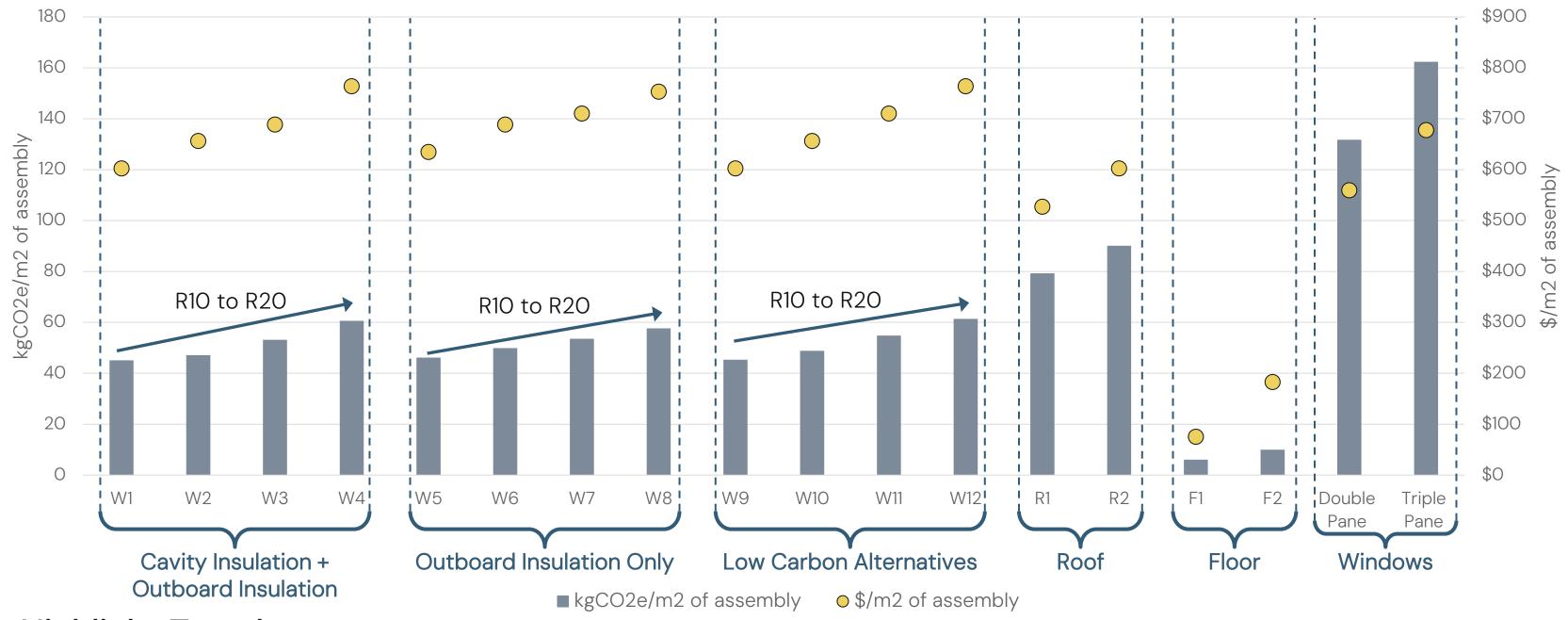




Embodied Carbon Vs. TEDI – Mid Rise Example



Incremental Capital Cost vs. Embodied Carbon – Mid Rise



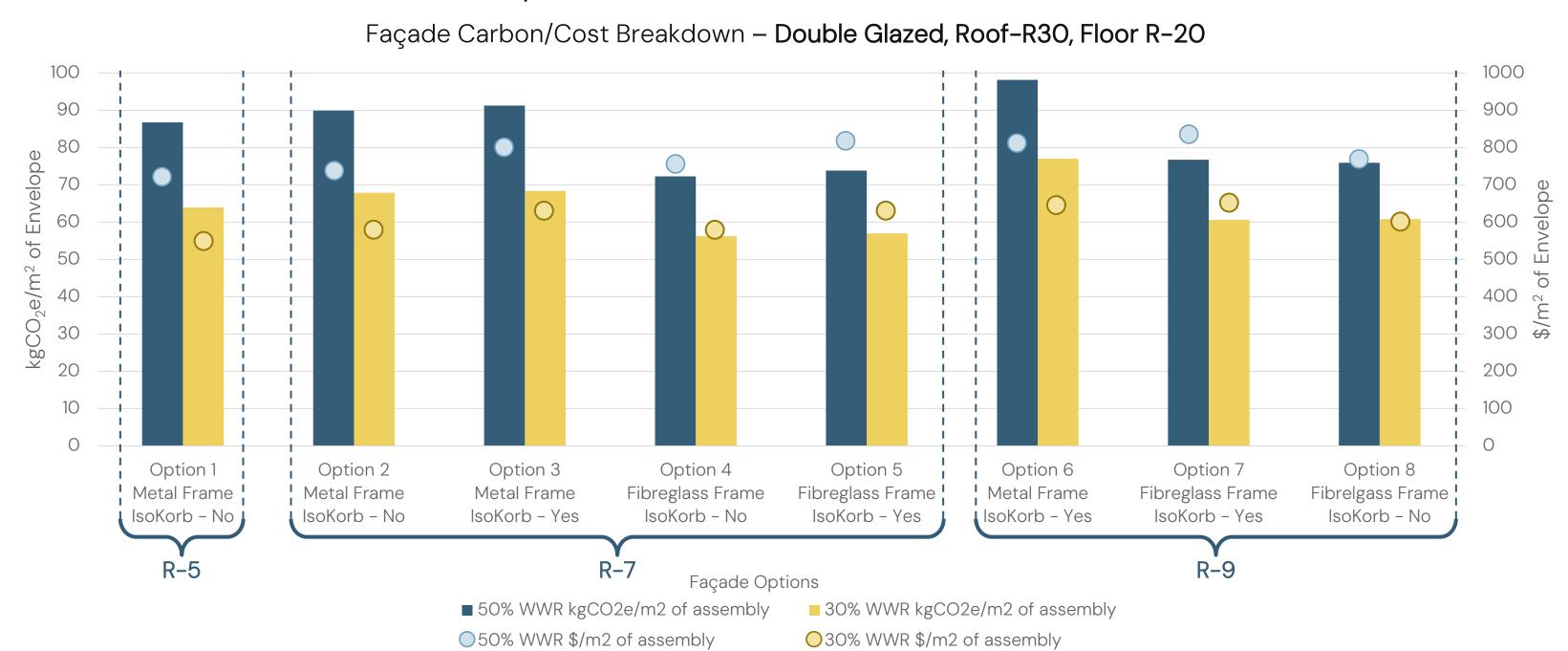
Highlight Trends

- Increased wall R-value adds embodied carbon and increases cost of envelope
- Glazing systems have much higher embodied carbon vs exterior wall, but cost less
- Step 3 very easy to meet for mid rise, opens door to lower carbon, more cost-effective solutions

Incremental Capital Cost vs. Embodied Carbon – High Rise

Highlight Trends

- Thermal efficiency of fiberglass frame allows for reduction in other thermal measures, leading to carbon & cost reductions
- Both carbon and cost is driven by WWR





NPV vs. Step Code Level

Highlight trends:

- Higher steps of the Energy Step Code reduce NPV for both fuel source scenarios
- There are Step 3's that outperform Step 4 from an overall cost perspective







Summary

- The thermal envelope accounts for 8–15% of overall construction cost
- The thermal envelope accounts for 11%-36% of total embodied carbon
- There are Step 4 envelope solutions that are more cost-effective vs Step 2 and Step 3
- There are Step 4 envelope solutions that have lower carbon vs Step 2 and Step 3
- With a high emission fuel scenario, Energy Step Code 4 (TEDI) really matters for whole-life carbon
- For low emission fuel scenario (all electric), TEDI is no longer the driver for whole-life carbon



Future Code Impact Considerations

- Do not compromise on energy efficiency (Low TEUI = Low energy \$)
- 2. Do not compromise on low operational carbon (EL-4)
- 3. Consider relaxing TEDI target for EL-4 (all electric)
- 4. Maintain Step 4 (TEUI and TEDI) for a high emission scenario
- 5. Consider whole-life carbon compliance pathways in future code



Design flexibility leading to cost savings



Energy Modeller Exchange

Resources ~

Contact Us

Subscribe

